Risk management

We continue to assess our risk management system, ensuring it remains appropriate to support our growth ambitions and decision making in line with our appetite and tolerance for risk.

Strategy and risk

Our strategy, business model and the way we do business present a number of risks and opportunities. There are risks we are willing to take, and areas where we have less tolerance for uncertainty. The Board is ultimately accountable for the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control systems, and is supported by the Audit Committee, Executive Committee and delegated committees, who oversee our risk management system to ensure that risks and opportunities are appropriately identified and managed to an acceptable level in relation to IHG’s appetite and tolerance for risk.

Risk appetite

IHG’s risk appetite is visible through the nature and extent of risk taken by the Board in pursuit of strategic and other business objectives. This risk appetite is cascaded through the goals we set, our Code of Conduct, decisions we make and how we allocate resources and it evolves with the strategy of the organisation. Examples of how we articulate our risk appetite are included in note 22 to the Group Financial Statements, see page 144.

IHG’s appetite and tolerance for risk is further articulated and implemented through our governance committees, structures, policies and targets we select, as well as in development guidelines for new hotels. In 2018 the Board and Board Committees again reviewed many of these aspects directly through their meetings and discussions of principal risks, and through their close oversight of IHG’s organisational changes and the portfolio of growth initiatives.

This section should be read together with the rest of the Strategic Report, the Governance Report on pages 52 to 71, going concern on page 181, and Risk Factors on pages 182 to 186.

IHG’s principal risks, uncertainties and review process

Our risk profile remains dynamic – we continue to face inherent uncertainties linked to a challenging external environment. Our efficiency programme to realise savings for reinvestment, organisational changes and focus on strategic initiatives have also required us to evaluate and evolve our risk management system to maintain an appropriate level of control within our levels of risk tolerance.

Throughout 2018 the Risk and Assurance team has co-ordinated assessments of the principal risks facing the Group, including those which would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity and reputation. These risks are formally reviewed with the Group’s Directors on a bi-annual basis and considered in more detail through the activities of the Board and Committees. The review of our principal risks this year again focused both on the internal and external risk environment. We have included factors relating to third parties across many of our risks, reflecting the increasing importance of our relationships with partners to our growth ambitions. We have also considered within our approach to financial planning, a separate risk responding to an increasingly volatile macro-economic environment (for example trade wars, environmental and climate-related matters) which creates inherent uncertainties to our performance and prospects.

The focus on executing our strategy at a faster pace emphasises the importance of the steps we take to consider risk explicitly as part of decision making. During 2018 this has been supported by the continued development of IHG’s risk culture and governance processes, including review of the delegation of authority, and communication of revised leadership behaviours and performance management processes, which continue to reflect the principles of our Code of Conduct. The implementation of organisation and process changes creates inherent risks of disruption to control routines and accountabilities, and these have been actively considered by management teams.

Frequent senior leadership discussions throughout the year, and our more structured strategic programme management and financial planning processes, have also included regular ‘pulse checks’ of emerging risks requiring management attention. These are considered both in the context of individual initiatives, and at an aggregated level, as part of resilience planning. The Risk and Assurance team provides support and intelligence on emerging threats and will continue to provide advice to management on procedures for risk identification and mitigation and control.

Our principal risks remain structurally similar to those reported in previous years. We continue to highlight uncertainties relating to our growth agenda and conclude that the potential impact of Brexit on IHG is not likely to have a material impact on our overall strategy or operations although, as with other external factors, this is considered as part of routine operational risk management and resilience planning. The impact of a potential movement in the value of sterling is articulated in note 22 of the Financial Statements, see page 145.

The Group’s asset-light business model, diverse brand portfolio and wide geographical spread however contribute to IHG’s resilience to events that could affect specific segmental or geographical areas.

Our risk management system

Our risk management system is fully integrated with the way we run the business through our culture, processes, controls and reporting, and is reflected in our strategy. The Risk and Assurance function is responsible for the support, enhancement and monitoring of the effectiveness of this system and focuses on culture, process, control, monitoring and reporting.

Risk in culture

• Our tone, attitudes, ethical values and policies.
• Our governance and committee structures.

Risk in process and control management

• Three lines of defence – comprised of: (i) day-to-day activities that identify and manage risks; (ii) our functional specialists; and (iii) independent assurance.
• Strategic risk planning.

Risk monitoring and reporting

• Risk and performance monitoring.
• Principal risk reporting (see below).
Our organisational changes in 2018 have brought focus to make IHG a stronger business and/or likelihood (inherent risk trend), and the rate at which there could be a material impact on IHG if unmanaged or managed inappropriately. The trend and speed of impact are summarised in the diagram (on the right) with further detail on activities to manage each of these risks in the table below.

**Risk trend and speed of impact**

We assess whether the risk area is stable or dynamic in its impact and/or likelihood (inherent risk trend), and the rate at which there could be a material impact on IHG if unmanaged or managed inappropriately. The trend and speed of impact are summarised in the diagram (on the right) with further detail on activities to manage each of these risks in the table below.

**Principal risks descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inherent risk trend</th>
<th>Risk impact – Link to our strategic priorities</th>
<th>Initiatives to manage these risks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic/Rapid</td>
<td>Build and leverage scale</td>
<td>• We continue to align efforts across multiple business teams to manage the risk within tolerance, and appointed a dedicated Chief Information Security Officer to facilitate this. We also monitor and update our information security policies and practices to respond to the risks we face, including those relating to evolving privacy requirements, and our third-party hosted infrastructure, systems and services. We have undertaken critical GDPR compliance activity, and have a roadmap for other activities in 2019, including policies, training and guidance. The nature of our operating model means that significant amount of IHG’s confidential information assets are also held by or shared with third-party suppliers and parties, and we review those risks as part of our broader supply chain risk management arrangements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic/Gradual</td>
<td>Evolve owner proposition</td>
<td>• We also recognise the need for an appropriate response to incidents, by developing our incident management capability and working closely with our insurers to review the adequacy of protection for our risks as our cybersecurity and technology environment evolves.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable/Rapid</td>
<td>Optimise our preferred portfolio of brands for owners and guests</td>
<td>• Our organisational changes in 2018 have brought focus to make IHG a stronger business partner and ensure we have appropriate business models deployed in each region to meet our owners’ needs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- • Financial management and control systems
- • Cybersecurity and information governance
- • Preferred brands and loyalty
- • Leadership and talent
- • Legal, regulatory and ethical compliance
- • Safety and security
- • Macro external factors
- • Programme and project delivery
- • Accelerate growth
- • Channel management and technology
- • Stables / Rapid
- • Stable / Gradual
- • Dynamic / Rapid

**Risk description**

Inherent threats to cybersecurity and information governance continue to present risk to our operations. Customer and other forms of sensitive data remain valuable to various threat ‘actors’ (including organised criminals and nation states), and increasing societal, regulatory and media scrutiny of privacy arrangements mean that the potential impact of data loss to IHG financially, reputationally or operationally remains a dynamic risk factor.

Failure to deliver preferred brands and loyalty could impact our competitive positioning, our growth ambitions and our reputation with guests and owners. Competitor and intermediation activity creates inherent risks and opportunities for the hospitality industry and is relevant to the longer-term value of IHG’s franchised/managed proposition and our ability to deliver returns to current and potential owners of our various brands.
Risk management continued

Leadership and talent risk is inherent to all businesses and failure to effectively attract, develop and retain talent in key areas could impact our ability to achieve growth ambitions and execute effectively. Risks relating to our people underpin many of our objectives. Capacity, capability, motivation, clarity of role, accountability for leadership, and behaviour are all significant aspects of this risk.

Whilst the hotel sector is not subject to stringent industry specific regulations, the global business regulatory and contractual environment (for example relating to data privacy, human rights including modern slavery, labour laws and financial crime) and societal expectations are continuously evolving and failure to ensure legal, regulatory and ethical compliance would impact IHG operationally and reputationally. Regulators are also moving to impose significant fines for non-compliance.

Failure to capitalise on innovation in booking technology and to maintain and enhance the functionality and resilience of our channel management and technology platforms (including those of third-parties on which we rely directly or indirectly), and to respond to changing guest and owner needs remains a dynamic risk and opportunity to IHG’s revenues and growth ambitions. This is particularly important with the emergence of both evolutionary and disruptive technologies and innovative uses of data to generate value.

<table>
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| Leadership and talent | DE | DBR | • Our approach to managing our people is outlined in detail on pages 22 to 25 and our annual business planning process includes a review of workforce risks. IHG has the ability to manage the risk directly in relation to IHG staff but relies on owners and third-party suppliers to manage the risk in related activities.  
• We consider workforce risks when designing business initiatives and we prioritise delivery accordingly. Our Human Resources leaders partner directly with other leadership teams across IHG, and have supported and advised directly on our organisational changes during 2018 within transformation management meetings. Our Supply Chain Risk Council also considers more indirect workforce risks relating to our third-party relationships.  
• Performance management systems have been enhanced and a talent acquisition programme focuses our attraction strategy, recruiting, and employer brand management.  
• Several policies in our Code of Conduct (for example our Human Rights Policy) relate to the management of our people, describing our intolerance for inappropriate behaviours and appropriate adherence to those helps manage our risk.  
• The Board receives regular reports on matters directly related to our responsible business agenda, and there are also different functions, (from corporate responsibility procurement), focused on supporting the business in relation to these matters. Our Confidential Disclosure Channel allows confidential reporting of ethical, social and environmental performance issues (including those with regulatory implications). |
| Strategic Report | TP | DBR | • Several changes to our organisational structure were implemented in 2018 to support our ability to meet the evolving (and accelerating) technological needs of owners and guests. This includes the integration of a single commercial and technology organisation incorporating our sales, channels, revenue management and technology capabilities, allowing us to maximise revenue delivery and bring new products and services to market faster. Our new global marketing organisation will work closely with commercial and technology in relation to our in-hotel guest experiences.  
• We have also implemented the IHG Concerto platform during 2018 (see case study on page 21) and continue to seek opportunities to align systems to improve consistency and manage inherent delivery risks between IHG and our owners. Our Guest Reservation System (GRS) is hosted by a third-party vendor, Amadeus, in the cloud and supported by infrastructure which serves to decrease the likelihood of downtime. Availability of GRS and other key systems continues to be monitored on a 24/7 basis by the Network Operations Centre. Metrics are reported to Commercial and Technology leadership on a frequent basis.  
• Effective and appropriate leveraging of data which we have a right to use is a key aspect of the interface between our marketing and our commercial and technology activity. We take account of regulatory and ethical factors as part of the decision making processes in relation to marketing and technological initiatives. We also rely on appropriate governance arrangements to mitigate risks that the validity of data that we use is undermined by cyber-attacks or operational failures. This risk is also impacted by strategic and operational factors relating to the location and structure of our assets – including use of third-parties and cloud computing arrangements. Several policies which form part of our Code of Conduct relate to this area of risk and adherence is monitored appropriately.  
• We have established an approach to System Development Lifecycle and specific risks to delivery of the Global Reservations System have been managed throughout the programme of implementation (including those relating to technical delivery, business process testing and operation readiness testing). |
IHG’s ongoing agenda to accelerate growth and strategic initiatives give rise to inherent risks, for example as we transition systems, operating models and processes. The changes which have been made to IHG’s extended enterprise raises inherent risk levels from third parties – for example before, during and after structural sourcing changes. These risks can include short-term disruption, reputational damage and longer-term breakdown of a commercial relationship.

Inability to realise value from our programme and project delivery (including reinvestment initiatives and culture and process changes) may result in failure to improve commercial performance, financial loss and undermining of stakeholder confidence. Following the organisational adjustments during 2018, there is an inherent risk that changes we have made could be unsustainable or that we are unable to achieve the return envisaged through reinvestment of the savings into growth initiatives.

Macro external factors such as political, economic, environmental and societal could have a mass impact on our ability to perform and grow.

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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Our focus on accelerating growth has included structured review (by senior management and the Board), of risks relating to offshoring and outsourcing. We have formed a strategic sourcing and management office to establish policies, support and advise on management processes, and oversee governance arrangements for IHG’s most important suppliers.</td>
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<td>Macro external factors such as political, economic, environmental and societal could have a mass impact on our ability to perform and grow.</td>
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<td>• Aspects of the risk relating to change have been managed explicitly by a dedicated programme management team during 2018 and we have implemented a framework for addressing risks within, and as a result of, change initiatives across IHG.</td>
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<td>While these factors are mostly outside our direct control, we track uncertainties which may impact the hospitality industry and which need to be considered in our strategic and financial planning. These types of risks are addressed in strategy setting (including the review of our corporate responsibility approach, see page 68). They are also addressed in the annual business planning process and in regional risk management activities and reporting. We are increasingly using formal and informal scenario planning to anticipate the potential impact of these risks. The Board receives regular updates on these types of factors so that possible implications for IHG can be considered.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Oversight teams, including our finance experts, have evolved governance and control frameworks to support key transformation programmes, for example in our commercial and technology operations. We also regularly review delegated approval authorities and processes to enable decisions on investments to be made quickly and efficiently with consideration of the risks involved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Our in-house threat intelligence capability, supplemented by third-party expertise and methodology, supports growth, hotel operations and customer facing sales teams with planning and response to macro factors, for example concerns relating to terrorism or extreme weather events. Additionally, specific elements of our risk management framework relate to these areas, such as codes of conduct in relation to trade restrictions and the environment.</td>
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Risk management continued

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<td>Failure to maintain an effective safety and security system and to respond appropriately in the event of disruption or incidents affecting our operations more broadly could result in an adverse impact to IHG, such as reputational and/or financial damage and undermining stakeholder confidence.</td>
<td>DE</td>
<td>DE</td>
<td>• The environment in which IHG develops and operates hotels continues to evolve and impacts the safety and security risks faced by IHG. Although these risks are assessed as stable overall, our established management approach is subject to continuous review and improvement to minimise the risk of an incident relating to IHG’s management damaging the Group’s reputation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A material breakdown in financial management and control systems would lead to increased public scrutiny, regulatory investigation and litigation. This risk includes our ongoing (and stable) operational risks relating to our financial management and control systems, and also the continuing expectations of IHG’s management decision making and financial judgements, in response to evolving accounting standards and our own business model and transactions.</td>
<td>DE</td>
<td>DE</td>
<td>• We continue to operate an established set of processes across our financial control systems, which is verified through testing relating to our Sarbanes-Oxley compliance responsibilities. See pages 50 and 125 to 129 for details of our approach to taxation, page 66 for details of our approach to internal financial control, and pages 144 to 146 for specific details on financial risk management policies. These processes and our financial planning continue to evolve to reflect the changes in our management structure and business targets. • During 2018 we have established a centre of excellence for financial planning and accounting to drive improved reporting, accelerated decision making, process standardisation, automation and talent alignment. Our Group insurance programmes are also maintained to support financial stability.</td>
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Viability statement

The Group’s annual planning process builds a robust three-year plan. The detailed three-year plan takes into consideration the principal risks, the Group’s strategy, and current market conditions. That plan then forms the basis for strategic actions taken across the business. The plan is reviewed annually by the Directors, and approved towards the end of the calendar year. Once approved, the plan is then cascaded to the business and used to set performance metrics and objectives. Performance against those metrics and objectives is then regularly reviewed by the Directors. The key assumptions included in the three-year plan relate to RevPAR. System size and no change to our stated dividend policy. There are no significant debt maturities in the period under consideration and therefore no assumptions have been included in relation to refinancing.

In assessing the viability of the Group, the Directors have reviewed a number of scenarios, weighing downside risks that would threaten the business model, future performance, solvency and liquidity of the Group more heavily than opportunities. The scenario testing focuses mostly, but not exclusively, on the impact of declining RevPAR on the viability of the Group, as most of the principal risks outlined on pages 26 to 30 will cause a deterioration in RevPAR.

The scenarios included a severe but plausible downturn like the financial crisis that occurred from 2008 to 2009 (when the Board maintained the ordinary dividend despite the severity of the downturn in trading), a widespread cybersecurity breach and a reverse stress test of the business starting from the presumption of the Group having insufficient liquidity to continue trading. In the severe scenarios, the Directors also considered actions that would be taken if such events became a reality. These actions included a reduction in capital expenditure, salary freezes and suspension of bonus plans and the ordinary dividend. The results confirmed that the Group would be able to withstand the impact of each scenario.

The Directors have determined that the three-year period to 31 December 2021 is an appropriate period to be covered by the viability statement. Although hospitality industry business cycles are on average longer than three years, the end of those cycles has only resulted in declining RevPAR when that has been caused by exogenous shocks, and the decline in RevPAR has only lasted two years. The Board has therefore determined that no additional insight can be gained from assessing these scenarios over a longer period.

The Directors have assessed the viability of the Group over a three-year period to 31 December 2021, taking account of the Group’s current position, the Group’s strategy and the principal risks documented in the Strategic Report. Based on this assessment, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period to 31 December 2021.